

**ORDINANCE, REGULATION & SYLLABUS**  
**For**  
**B.A. [POL.SCIENCE]**



*Offered by*

**NEHRU GRAM BHARATI**  
**(DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY),**  
**KOTWA-JAMUNIPUR-DUBAWAL**  
**PRAYAGRAJ-221505**  
**UTTAR PRADESH**

**Session:**  
**From 2019 – 2020**

## **B.A.(Political Science) Syllabus**

### **Course Rationale: Political Theory – B.A.- I, Paper-I, Semester I&II**

This is an introductory paper to the concepts, ideas and theories in political theory. It seeks to explain the evolution and usage of these concepts, ideas and theories with reference to individual thinkers both historically and analytically. The different ideological standpoints with regard to various concepts and theories are to be critically explained with the purpose of highlighting the differences in their perspectives and in order to understand their continuity and change. Furthermore, there is a need to emphasise the continuing reference of these concepts today and explain how an idea and theory of yesterday gains prominence in contemporary political theory.

### **Course Rationale: Indian Govt. & Politics – B.A.- I, Paper-II, Semester I&II**

This Paper focuses in detail on the political processes and the actual functioning of the political system. It simultaneously studies in detail the political structure both constitutional and administrative. It emphasises on local influences and derive from social stratification of castes & jaties from language religions ethic and economic determinants and critically assesses its impact on political processes. The major contradiction of the Indian political process are to be critically analysed along with an assessment of its relative success and failures in a comparative perspective with other developing countries and in particular to those belonging to the South Asian nations.

### **Course Rationale: Western Political Thought – B.A.- II, Paper-I, Semester III&IV**

This paper studies the classical tradition in political theory from PLATO TO MARX with the view to understand how the great masters explained and analysed political events and problems of their time and prescribed solutions. The texts are to be interpreted both in historical and philosophical perspectives to understand the Universality of the enterprise of political theorizing. The limitations of ality the classical traditions, namely its neglect of women's concerns and issues and the non-European world are critically examined. The legacy of the thinker is explained with the view to establish the continuity and change within the western political tradition.

### **Course Rationale: Comparative Govt. & Politics - B.A.-II, Paper-I, Semester-III&IV**

This paper studies the comparative government and politics. It studies the theoretical as well as practical parts of the constitutions and constitutionalism. It also endeavor to explain the Executive, Legislative and Judiciary and terms of the governments, both at centre and state levels. Besides this it also analyses the political culture, political parties, pressure groups, elections and its reforms. More so, it also analyses the various aspects of public opinion and direct democracy like referendum and recall. The role of mass media, how it affects the formation of governments from time to time. Since it has become one of the most important tool to form the governments.

### **Course Rationale: Indian Political Thought - B.A.-III, Paper-I, Semester-V&VI**

This is an introductory paper to the concepts, ideas and theories that developed in India. It highlights the main source of the political tradition in Ancient India & its development in modern times. It focuses to key thinkers from ancient to modern times to understand their seminal contribution to the evolution of political theorizing in India. It critically assesses the contribution and explains their relevance to contemporary times. It emphasizes on the distinctive contribution of Indian thinkers to political theorizing and the relative autonomy of Indian Political Thought. It also situates Indian Political Thought vis a vis other traditions.

**Course Rationale: Public Administration with Special Reference to India - B.A.-III, Paper-II, Semester - V&VI**

This paper is an introductory course in Public Administration. The essence of Public Administration lies in its effectiveness in translating the governing philosophy into programmes, politics and activities and making it a part of community living. The paper covers public administration in its historical context thereby proceeding to highlight several of its categories which have developed administrative salience and capabilities to deal with the process of change. The recent developments and particularly the emergence of new Public Administration are incorporated within the larger paradigm of democratic legitimacy. The importance of legislative control over administration is also highlighted.

**Course Rationale: Theory And Practice Of International Relations - B.A.-III, Paper-III, Semester - V&VI**

This paper deals with concepts and dimensions of International Relations and makes an analysis of difficult theories highlighting the major debates and differences within the different theoretical paradigm: The dominant theories of power and the question of equity and justice the different aspects of balance of power leading to the present situation of a unipolar world are included. It highlights various aspects of conflict and conflict resolution, collective security and in the specificity of the long period of the post second world war phase of cold war. Defences and Deterrence leading to theories of rough parity in armaments.

**Semester-I**  
**Paper-I**  
**POLITICAL THEORY**

**Unit-I: Definition** – Nature and scope of Political Science, Political Science as a study of state & government, study of power, and study of Political System.

**Unit-II: Nomenclature** – Political Science, Politics, Political theory, political philosophy, comparative politics.

**Unit-III: Political Science** – Its relation with other social sciences, History, economics, psychology, sociology.

**Unit-IV: Approaches** – Different approaches to the study of political science. e.g. Historical, Philosophical, behavioral and post behavioral.

**Unit-V: State** – Meaning and elements, Idealistic, individualistic, liberal, social welfare, contemporary libertarians, Marxion view of state. Origin of the state-different theories, e.g. divine, evolutionary, force, social contract etc.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Andrew Heywood – Political Theory –An Introduction.
2. C.E.M. Joad – Modern Political Theory.
3. Eddy Ashirvadam and K.K. Mishra – Political Theory (Hindi & English)
4. G.C. Field – Political Theory.
5. John Hoffman & Paul Graham – Introduction to Political Theory.
6. K.C. Joshi – Rajniti Shastra
7. Kaveri Tiwari – Rajnitik Siddhant (Hindi)
8. M.P. Jain – Marxism and Liberalism
9. Mckinnon – Issues in Political Theory.
10. O.P. Gauba – An Introduction to Political Theory (English & Hindi)
11. Pant, Gupta & Jain – Rajnitishashtra Ke Adhar (Hindi)
12. Rajiv Bhargava and Ashok Achary – Political Theory – An Introduction.
13. Ropert Dall – Modern Political Analysis.
14. Iqbal Narayan – Political Theory.
15. Gyan Singh Sandh – Political Theory.
16. J.C. Johari – Adhunic Rajnitik Siddhant.

**Paper-II**  
**INDIAN GOVT. & POLITICS**

**Unit-I: The making of India's Constitution** – Constituent Assembly, Sources, Basic features of Indian Constitution, Preamble.

**Unit-II:** Fundamental Rights, The directive principles of state policy, Fundamental duties.

**Unit-III: Union Executive** – President Election & powers and its role. Vice President - functions and powers. Prime Minister, Council of Ministers. Attorney General, C.A.G.

**Unit-IV: Union Legislature** – Parliament, Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha, Parliamentary Committees, Rule making process.

**Unit-V: Judiciary** – Supreme Court of India, Structure and Jurisdiction, Judicial review, Judicial Activism, Lokpal.

**Books Recommended:**

1. D.D. Basu – Indian Constitution.
2. J.N. Pandey – Indian Constitution.
3. S.Puri – Bhartiya Rajnitik Vyavstha.
4. S.M. Sayeed – Bharatiya Rajnitik Vyavstha.
5. Subhash Kashyap – Our Constitution (Hindi & English).
6. M.V. Poplee – Our Judiciary (Hindi & English).
7. J.R. Shiva - Bhartiya Rajnitik Vyavastha.
8. Brij Kishore Sharma – Indian Constitution.
9. Rupa Manglani – Bhartiya Rajnitik Vyavastha.
10. B.L. Phadia - Bharatiya Shashan Evem Rajniti.
11. O.P. Guaba – Constitutionalism.
12. H.M. Jain – Vishwa Ke Pramukh Samvidhan.

**Semester-II**  
**Paper-I**  
**POLITICAL THEORY**

**Unit-I: Sovereignty** – Concepts, attributes & different theories: Monistic theory, pluralistic, Nation state, Globalization and emergence of civil society.

**Unit-II: Concepts** – Liberty, equality, rights, law, justice and punishment.

**Unit-III:** Evolutionary socialism, Marxism & Neo Marxism.

**Unit-IV:** Liberalism & Neo Liberalism, Democracy, Gandhism.

**Unit-V:** Fascism, Nazism, Authoritarianism, Anarchism.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Andrew Heywood – Political Theory –An Introduction.
2. C.E.M. Joad – Modern Political Theory.
3. Eddy Ashirvadani and K.K. Mishra – Political Theory (Hindi & English)
4. G.C. Field – Political Theory.
5. John Hoffman & Paul Graham – Introduction to Political Theory.
6. K.C. Joshi – Rajniti Shastra
7. Kaveri Tiwari – Rajnitik Siddhant (Hindi)
8. M.P. Jain – Marxism and Liberalism
9. Mckinnon – Issues in Political Theory.
10. O.P. Gauba – An Introduction to Political Theory (English & Hindi)
11. Pant, Gupta & Jain – Rajnitishashtra Ke Adhar (Hindi)
12. Rajiv Bhargava and Ashok Achary – Political Theory – An Introduction.
13. Ropert Dall – Modern Political Analysis.
14. Iqbal Narayan – Political Theory.
15. Gyan Singh Sandhu – Political Theory.
16. J.C. Johari – Adhunic Rajnitik Siddhant.

**Paper-II**  
**INDIAN GOVT. & POLITICS**

**Unit-I: State Government** – Governor Appointment, Power and role. Chief Minister-Council of Ministers, Advocate General.

**Unit-II: State Legislature** – Vidhan Sabha, Vidhan Parishad, Power and Functions, Law making process, Centre-State Relations.

**Unit-III:** Political Parties in India, National and Regional, Election Commission, Electoral reforms.

**Unit-IV: State Judiciary** – High Court, District Courts, Lok Adalat, Lokayukta.

**Unit-V:** Major challenges before Indian Politics – Caste, religion, communalism, regionalism defection, Terrorism.

**Books Recommended:**

1. D.D. Basu – Indian Constitution.
2. J.N. Pandey – Indian Constitution.
3. S.Puri – Bhartiya Rejnitic Vyavstha.
4. S.M. Sayeed – Bharatiya Rajnitic Vyavstha.
5. Subhash Kashyap – Our Constitution (Hindi & English), Our Parliament (Hindi & English)
6. M.V. Papelee – Our Judiciary (Hindi & English).
7. J.R. Shivaz - Bhartiya Rajnitik Vyavastha.
8. Brij Kishore Sharma – Indian Constitution.
9. Rupa Manglani – Bhartiya Rajnitik Vyavastha.
10. B.L. Phadia - Bharatiya Shashan Evem Rajniti.
11. O.P. Guaba – Constitutionalism.
12. H.M. Jain – Vishwa Ke Pramukh Samvidhan.

**Semester-III**  
**Paper-I**  
**WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

**Unit-I:** Meaning and nature of Political Thought. Characteristics of Ancient Greek Political Thought. Plato – Justice, Education, Communism, Ideal State and Sub Ideal State.

**Unit-II: Aristotle** – Method, origin, nature & end of state, property & slavery, Revolution, Law and Justice, Citizenship.

**Unit-III: Features of Medieval Political Thought** –

Aquinas: Scholasticism, State-church relationship, Law and its importance.

Machiavelli: Life and times, views on religion, morality, State diplomacy and his contribution and importance.

BODIN: Theory of state and sovereignty and his importance.

**Unit-IV: Hobbes, Locke** – State of nature, social contract, sovereignty, state Rousseau's Concept of General Will.

**Unit-V: J.J. Rousseau** – State of nature, social contract, Sovereignty, State and Concept of General Will.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Brian R. Nelson – Western Political Thought (Second Edition).
2. B.R. Purohit – Rajnitik Chintan ka Itihas.
3. C.L. Wayper – Political Theory.
4. D.R. Bhandari – A History of European Political Thought.
5. David Mc Lellan – Western Political Thought.
6. Earnest Barker – Plato & Aristotle.
7. G.H. Sabine - History of Political Ideas.
8. Thorson John Marrow – History of Western Political Thought (A Thematic Introduction).
9. J.P. Suda – Adhunic Rajnitik Vichor (4 volumes)
10. K.L. Kamal – Pashcatya Rajnitik Chintan.
11. Murray Forsyth & Mourice – A guide to the political classic Plato Keens Sopar to Rousseau.
12. Martin Cohen – Political Philosophy from Plato to Marx.
13. Mukerjee & Ramaswamy – A History of Political Thought (English & Hindi)
14. Newton – Western Political Thought.
15. O.P. Gauba – Rajnitik Chintan ka Itihas.
16. R.S. Chaurasia – History of Western Political Thought.
17. Ram Chandra Sharma – Rajnitik Chintan (Vol. I & II).
18. Sukhbir Singh – History of Political Thought.
19. Sushila Ramaswamy – Political Theory Ideas and Concepts.
20. William A Dunning – A History of Political Theories (Vol. I & II).

**Paper-II**  
**COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS**

**Unit-I:** Meaning of Comparative Government and Comparative Politics. Nature & Scope. Approaches to the study of comparative Government - Traditional and Modern Approaches.

**Unit-II:** Constitution and constitutionalism. Constitution –Meaning and their making. Amendments and their revision. Constitutionalism- Meaning, nature, Characteristics, kinds of Constitutionalism.

**Unit-III: Legislature Executive – Judiciary, Rule of Law.**

**Unit-IV: Organization of Governments – Unitary and federal parliamentary and presidential, coalition government.**

**Unit-V:** Democracy, Dictatorship centralization, Local self government, Decentralisation.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Almond Powell & S. Dalton – Comparative Politics Today.
2. Allan R. Ball – Modern Politics & Government.
3. C.B. Gena - Tulnatmak Rajniti Ki Rooprekha.
4. David Apter – Comparative Politics
5. Danniell Coraman – Comparative Politics.
6. J. C. Johari – Comparative Politics (English & Hindi)
7. Chilcote – Theories of Comparative Politics.

**Semester-IV**  
**Paper-I**  
**WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

**Unit-I: Montesquieu** – Concept of Law, Separation and Power. His contribution to western political thought.

**Green** – Idealism, Individualism, State, Liberty Rights and Property.

**Unit-II: Bentham** – Utilitarianism, Idea of Law, Law and Punishment.

**Mill**: Revision of Utilitarianism, Liberty, Democracy.

**Unit-III: Hegel** – Dialectics, state and contribution to Political Thought.

**Marx** – Dialectics Materialism, Economics analysis of History, Communism.

**Unit-IV: Lenin** – State, Revolution, Party and Imperialism.

**Stalin** – State, Revolution, Party and Contribution.

**Unit-V: MAO** – Peasantry, Revolution, Guerilla Warfare, Importance of his Philosophy and contribution to political philosophy.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Brian R. Nelson – Western Political Thought (Second Edition).
2. B.R. Purohit – Rajnitik Chintan ka Itihas.
3. C.L. Wayer – Political Theory.
4. D.R. Bhandari – A History of European Political Thought.
5. David Mc Lellan – Western Political Thought.
6. Ernest Barker – Plato & Aristotle.
7. G.H. Sabine - History of Political Ideas.
8. Thorson John Marrow – History of Western Political Thought (A Thematic Introduction).
9. J.P. Sarda – Adhunik Rajnitik Vichar (4 volumes)
10. K.L. Kamal – Pashchatya Rajnitik Chintan.
11. Murray Forsyth & Maurice – A guide to the political classic Plato Keens Sopar to Rousseau.
12. Martin Cohen – Political Philosophy from Plato to Marx.
13. Mukerjee & Ramaswamy – A History of Political Thought (English & Hindi)
14. Newton – Western Political Thought.
15. O.P. Gauba – Rajnitik Chintan ka Itihas.
16. R.S. Chaurasia – History of Western Political Thought.
17. Ram Chandra Sharma – Rajnitik Chintan (Vol. I & II).
18. Sukhbir Singh – History of Political Thought.
19. Sushila Ramaswamy – Political Theory Ideas and Concepts.
20. William A Dunning – A History of Political Theories (Vol. I & II).

**Paper-II**  
**COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT & POLITICS**

**Unit-I:** Political culture, socialization, modernization & development.

**Unit-II: Political Parties** – Organization's functions, and role of parties in modern states, party system with special reference to India.

**Unit-III: Pressure Group** – Meaning, nature, kinds, Role and techniques of Pressure groups in democracy. Importance of Pressure groups in Modern state.

**Unit-IV: Election** – Election system & Voting behavior, Electoral reforms.

**Direct Democracy-** Referendum (PLBISCITE), initiative and recall.

**Unit-V: Public Opinion-** Mass Media, Meaning & Nature, Role and importance of Public Opinion.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Almond Powell & S. Dalton – Comparative Politics Today.
2. Allan R. Ball – Modern Politics & Government.
3. C.B. Gena - Tulnatmak Rajniti Ki Rooprekha.
4. David Apter – Comparative Politics
5. Danniell Coraman – Comparative Politics.
6. J. C. Johari – Comporative Politics (English & Hindi)
7. Chilcote – Theories of Comparative Politics.

**Semester-V**  
**Paper-I**  
**INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

**Unit-I:** Sources of Indian Political thought. Main features of Ancient Indian Political Thought. Political Ideas of Manu & Kautilya.

**Unit-II:** Main features of Jain Political Thought. Main Political Ideas of Buddhism.

**Unit-III: Political Ideas of Mahabharat** – Origin of state, elements of state, Native of state, Inter State Relations and Political Morality.

**Unit-IV:** Main features and source of Modern Indian Political Thought. Indian Renaissance & Political Ideas of Raja Ram Mohan Ray.

**Unit-V:** Political Ideas of Dayanand Saraswati and Swami Vivekanand.

**Books Recommended:**

1. A.S. Altekar – State and Government in Ancient India.
2. A. Appodurai – Documents on Political Thought on Modern India.
3. B. Chandra – Nationalism & Colonialism in Modern India.
4. A.R. Desai – Social Background of Indian Nationalism.
5. R.P. Dutta – India Today.
6. M.J. Kanekar – Tilak & Gandhi.
7. B.B. Majumdar – Militant Nationalism in India.
8. S. Mukerjee – Gandhi an Thought Marxist Interpretation.
9. J. Nehru – Discovery of India.

**Paper-II**  
**PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO INDIA**

**Unit-I:** Meaning, Nature, Scope, Significance of Public Administration and new Public Administration. Public and Private Administration. Evolution of Public Administration as a discipline.

**Unit-II:** Organization – Meaning, types and bases, principles and structure of organization. Span of control, Unity of Command, Hierarchy, Centralization and decentralization. Structure of Organization- Central Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat, PMS Office, Centre-State Relations.

**Unit-III:** Budget – Planning in India –Definition, concept, Machinery of central and state level, Budget formulation, Approval and Execution.

**Unit-IV:** National Development Council, Economic Liberalization, Public Sector undertaking.

**Unit-V:** Parliamentary control over Administration P.A.C. and estimates committee, C.A.G.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Ashok Chanda – Indian Administration.
2. C.P. Bhambhari – Indian Administration (English & Hindi).
3. Felix A. Nigro – Modern Public Administration.
4. Ferrel Heady – Public Administration: A Comparative Prospective.
5. M.P. Sharma – Indian Administration (English & Hindi).
6. Maheshwari & Awasthi – Public Administration (English & Hindi).
7. Mohit Bhattacharya – Public Administration.
8. Parmatona Saran – Indian Administration (English & Hindi)
9. S.R. Maheshwari – Indian Administration (English & Hindi)
10. Sadana & Sharma – Public Administration.
11. Surendra Kataria –Bhartiya Lok Preshashan.

**Paper-III**  
**THEORY AND PRACTICE OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

**Unit-I:** Study of International Relations – Meaning, nature and scope.

**Unit-II:** Approaches to the study of International Relations. Traditional and Behavioral, Liberal and Neo - Liberal, Realist and New-Realist and decision making Role of State and non-state actors.

**Unit-III:** Cold war and it's impact on world politics, Post cold war world, unipolarity, bipolarity, end of history, clash of civilizations.

**Unit-IV:** The Present International Security Environment. Problems of third world security.

**Unit-V:** Peace and Security. Diplomacy, disarmament. Environmentalism, and Human Rights.

**Books Recommended:**

1. John Baylis Slevesmith – The Globalization of world politics: An Introduction to International Relations.
2. Joshua S. Goldslein – International Relations.
3. K.K. Mishra Subhash Shukla – Anter Rashtriya Rajniti ke Siddhant.
4. Mahendra Kumar – Theoretical Aspects of International Relations.
5. Pushpesh Pant – Anterrashtriya Sambandh.
6. Rajen Harshe – Bharatiya Videsh Niti (Anterrashtriya Rajniti)
7. K.M. Sethi – Critical Reflections on India's Foreign Polity
8. R.S. Yadav & Suresh Dhandu – India's Foreign Policy Contemporary trends.
9. Robert Jackson & George Sorenson – Introduction to International Relations Theories and Approaches.
10. Scott Burchill – Theories of International Relations.
11. Sumit Ganguly – India's Foreign Policy: Perspective and Prospects.
12. J. Bandopadhyaya – Making of India's Foreign Policy.

**Semester-VI**  
**Paper-I**  
**INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

**Unit-I: Political Ideas of Bal Gangadhar Tilak:** Extremism and religion.

**Shri Aurobindo Ghosh Life Sketch:** Political Ideas, spiritual ideas and nationalism in Gosh.

**Unit-II:** Political Ideas of M.N. Roy, his contribution to political thought. Political Ideas of Acharya Vinova Bhave & Jay Prakash Narayan.

**Unit-III:** Life work and entire contribution of Mahatma Gandhi to Indian Political Thought. Political Ideas of Pt. Jawahar Lal Nehru and his contribution to making India as a modern nation.

**Unit-IV:** Ideas of B.R. Ambedkar, his contribution to India Political Thought. R.N. Tagore's contribution to Indian Political Thought.

**Unit-V:** The Political Ideas of R.M. Lohia, J.P. Narayan and Abul Kalam Azad and their contribution to Indian Political Thought.

**Books Recommended:**

1. A.S. Altekar – State and Government in Ancient India.
2. Appodurai – Documents on Political Thought on Modern India.
3. Chandra – Nationalism & Colonialism in Modern India.
4. A.R. Desai – Social Background of Indian Nationalism.
5. R.P. Dutta – India Today.
6. M.J. Kanekar – Tilak & Gandhi.
7. B.B. Majumdar – Militant Nationalism in India.
8. S. Mukerjee – Gandhi an Thought Marxist Interpretation.
9. J. Nehru – Discovery of India.

**Paper-II**  
**PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO INDIA**

**Unit-I:** State Administration – State Secretariat, Chief Minister, Governor, Chief Secretary, Cabinet Secretary .

**Unit-II:** District Administration, Development Administration, D.M.

**Unit-III:** Panchayati Raj, Urban local self government in reference to 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> constitutional amendment.

**Unit-IV:** Welfare Administration for SC & ST and women, issue areas of Indian Administration.

**Unit-V:** Generalist Vs Specialist controversy, Problem of corruption, Lokyukta & Lokpal, Minister and Civil Servant Relationship.  
Administrative Behavior – Leadership, Decision Making, Communication  
Accountability.

**Books Recommended:**

1. Ashok Chanda – Indian Administration.
2. C.P. Bhambhari – Indian Administration (English & Hindi).
3. Felix A. Nigro – Modern Public Administration.
4. Ferrel Heady – Public Administration: A Comparative Prospective.
5. M.P. Sharma – Indian Administration (English & Hindi).
6. Maheshwari & Awasthi – Public Administration (English & Hindi).
7. Mohit Bhattacharya – Public Administration.
8. Parmatona Saran – Indian Administration (English & Hindi)
9. S.R. Maheshwari – Indian Administration (English & Hindi)
10. Sadana & Sharma – Public Administration.
11. Surendra Kataria –Bhartiya Lok Preshashan.

**Paper-III**  
**THEORY AND PRACTICE OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS**

**Unit-I:** NAM – Origin, role, re-orientation and relevance. North-South dialogue.

**Unit-II:** Globalization and the interest of developing world. United Nations Organization, it's structure and different bodies.  
Regional Organization - ASEAN, SAARC, BIMSTEC.

**Unit-III:** India's Foreign Policy- determinants and objectives. Development of Indian Foreign Policy – 1947. India and her Neighbours.

**Unit-IV:** International Terrorism, Nuclear Proliferation – Problem and Solution.

**Unit-V:** Disarmaments and Arms Control. Collective Security. Indo-US, Indo-China and Indo-Pak Relations.

**Books Recommended:**

1. John Baylis Slevesmith – The Globalization of world politics: An Introduction to International Relations.
2. Joshua S. Goldslein – International Relations.
3. K.K. Mishra Subhash Shukla – Anter Rashtriya Rajniti ke Siddhant.
4. Mahendra Kumar – Theoretical Aspects of International Relations.
5. Pushpesh Pant – Anterrashtriya Sambandh.
6. Rajen Harshe – Bharatiya Videsh Niti (Anterrashtriya Rajniti)
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8. R.S. Yadav & Suresh Dhandu – India's Foreign Policy Contemporary trends.
9. Robert Jackson & George Sorenson – Introduction to International Relations Theories and Approaches.
10. Scott Burchill – Theories of International Relations.
11. Sumit Ganguly – India's Foreign Policy: Perspective and Prospects.
12. J. Bandopadhyaya – Making of India's Foreign Policy.

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